

water & sanitation

Department: Water and Sanitation REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

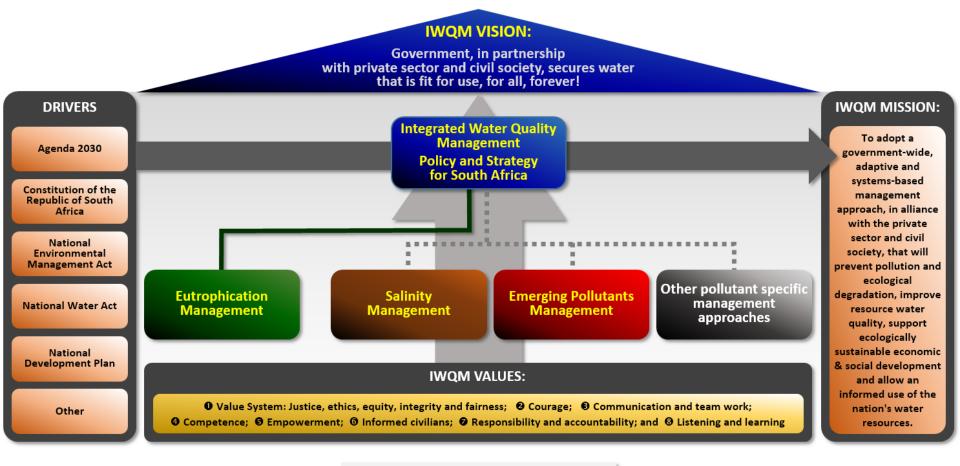


National Eutrophication Management Strategy National Water & Sanitation Summit

Presented by: Mr Jurgo Van Wyk Date: 18-19 February 2022



IWQM POLICY AND STRATEGY FOR SOUTH AFRICA





- Existing policy and strategy
- Potential future policies and strategies . . .





POLICY OUTLINE – SUMMARY OF POLICY STATEMENTS

Vision: Government, in partnership with private sector and civil society, secures water that is fit-for-use, for all, for ever!

To adopt a government-wide, adaptive and systems-based management approach, in alliance with the private sector and civil society, that will improve resource water quality, prevent pollution and ecological degradation, support ecologically sustainable economic & social development and allow an informed use of the nation's water resources.

Goal: To manage eutrophication effectively in order to protect aquatic ecosystems and secure water resources that are fit-for-use.

CHIEF-OBJECTIVES:

- To limit anthropogenic nutrient-loading of water resources;
- To reduce excessive primary production in surface water resources;
- To protect aquatic ecosystems and their biological diversity;
- ▶ To secure water resources that are fit-for-use on a continuous basis; and
- To support ecologically sustainable development and justifiable socioeconomic growth.

COMPLEMENTING OBJECTIVES:

- To appropriately resource eutrophication management, inter alia, by securing funding, providing human capital and equipping responsible parties;
- To promote research in relation to the management of eutrophication and the control of anthropogenic sources of nutrient enrichment;
- To promote internal and external management cooperation between government, private sector and civil society;
- To promote transparency through eutrophication-related communication and awareness creation; and
- To facilitate capacity building and the empowerment of role-players.

POLICY STATEMENTS 1 to 14

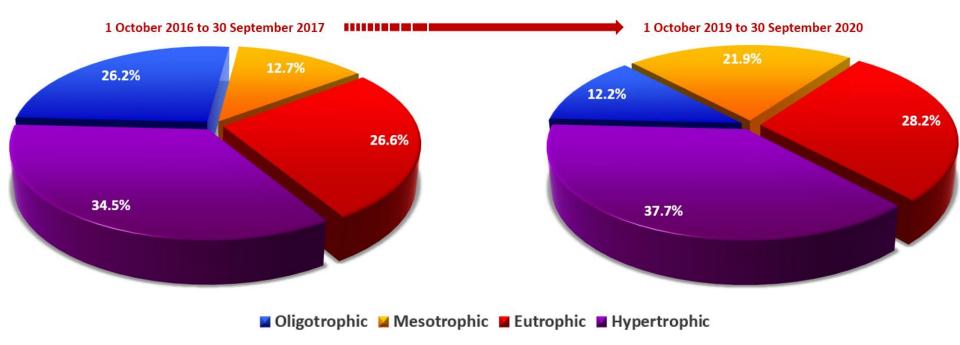
POLICY STATEMENTS 15 to 19







TROPHIC STATUS OF 393 SA DAMS

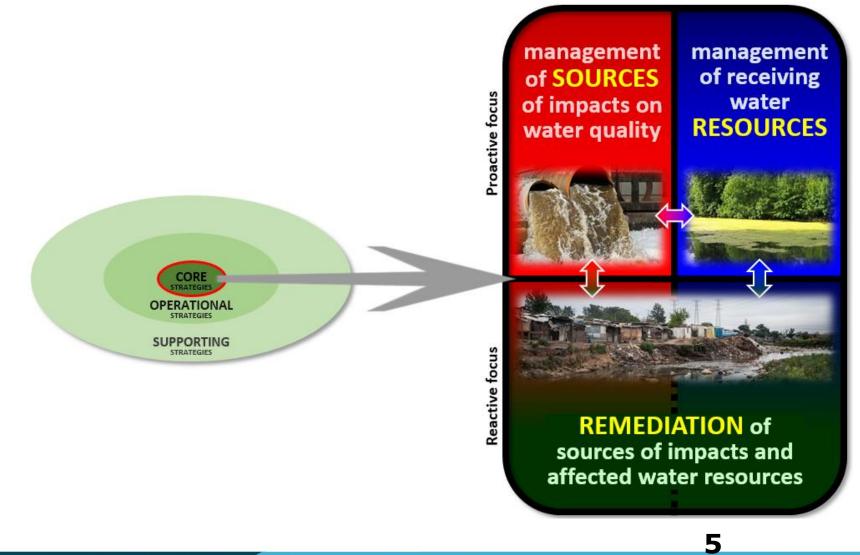








CORE STRATEGIES FOR EUTROPHICATION MANAGEMENT

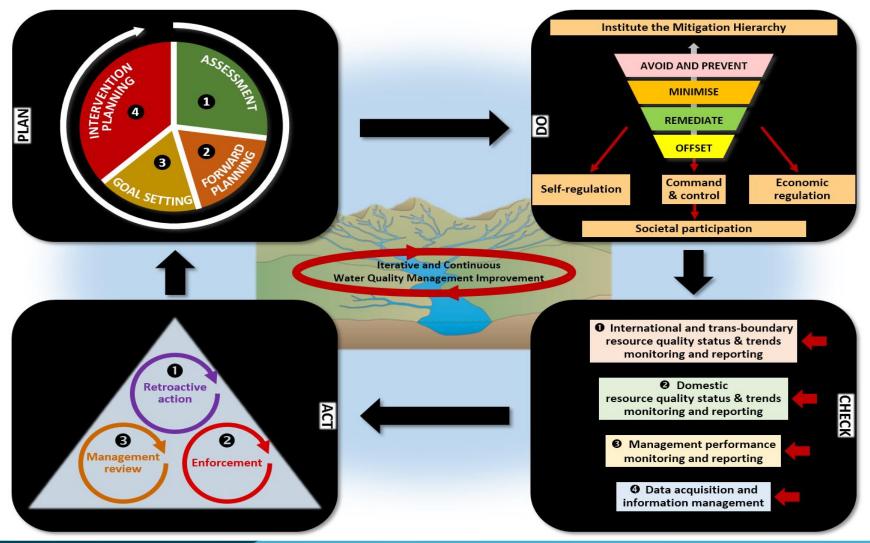








OPERATIONAL STRATEGIES FOR EUTROPHICATION MANAGEMENT



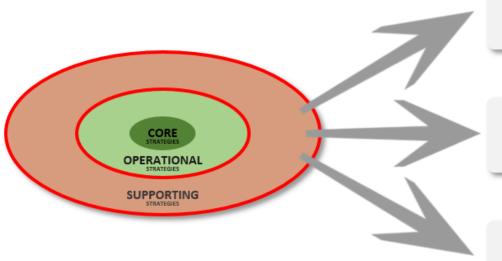
WATER IS LIFE - SANITATION IS DIGNITY



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SUPPORTING STRATEGIES FOR EUTROPHICATION MANAGEMENT



• Technical capacity building to give impetus to eutrophication management

• Research and technology development to address eutrophication-related challenges

Collaboration and management participation

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PRIORITY AREAS TO BE ADDRESSED

- ✓ Addressing non-compliance of WWTWs to the phosphorus standard of 1 mg/ℓ orthophosphate;
- Feasible and appropriate Waste Discharge Standards (WDSs) should be developed and implemented;
- The Receiving Water Quality Objectives Approach must be operationalised calculation of Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs) for dams;
- The role and feasibility of technology to treat nutrient-laden wastewater should inform processes to improve eutrophication management. The Best Practicable Environmental Option (BPEO) should be implemented;
- Compliance monitoring and enforcement must be intensified to deal with unlawful and non-complying water uses;
- Better cooperation with government, private sector and civil society roll-players needs to be put into action;
- ✓ The introduction of zero-phosphate detergents into South Africa should be pursued, linked to consumer education; and
- ✓ The rehabilitation and restoration of affected water resources, including the implementation of bio-remediation initiatives in dams should be supported.



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THANK YOU

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